

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method comprising:
obtaining a first estimated timing response of a first circuit path using a first timing model;
obtaining a second estimated timing response of the first circuit path using a second timing model;
generating a correction factor based on a variation between the first estimated timing response and the second estimated timing response; and
applying the correction factor to the first timing model.
2. The method as in claim 1 further comprising obtaining estimated timing responses of a plurality of circuit paths using the first timing model.
3. The method as in claim 2 further comprising:
selecting the first circuit path from the plurality of circuit paths, wherein
applying the correction factor to the first timing model includes
adjusting the estimated timing responses of the plurality of circuit paths based on the correction factor.
4. The method as in claim 2, further comprising generating a netlist describing the plurality of circuit paths.
5. The method as in claim 4, wherein the step of obtaining a second estimated timing response includes providing the netlist to a modeling tool employing the second timing model.
6. The method as in claim 1, wherein generating a correction factor includes comparing the first estimated timing response and the second estimated timing response.
7. The method as in claim 1, wherein applying the correction factor includes adjusting the first estimated timing response based on the correction factor.

8. The method as in claim 1, wherein the first estimated timing response includes an estimated signal propagation delay.
9. The method as in claim 1, wherein the first estimated timing response includes an estimated signal propagation time.
10. The method as in claim 1, wherein the correction factor includes a scaling factor.
11. The method as in claim 1, wherein the correction factor includes an offset.
12. A method comprising:
 - obtaining coarse estimated timing responses for a plurality of circuit paths using a first timing model, the first timing model having a first accuracy;
 - obtaining refined estimated timing responses for one or more selected circuit paths of the plurality of circuit paths using a second timing model having a second accuracy greater than the first accuracy;
 - generating a correction factor based on the coarse estimated timing response of the one or more selected circuit paths and the refined timing estimates of the one or more selected circuit paths; and
 - adjusting the coarse estimated timing responses of the plurality of circuit paths based on the correction factor.
13. The method as in claim 12, wherein obtaining the coarse estimated timing responses includes estimating timing responses for the plurality of circuit paths using a modeling tool employing coarse timing assumptions.
14. The method as in claim 12, wherein obtaining refined estimated timing responses includes using a modeling tool employing refined timing assumptions.
15. The method as in claim 12, further comprising generating a netlist describing the plurality of circuit paths.

16. The method as in claim 12, wherein generating a correction factor includes determining a statistical variation between the coarse estimated timing response of the one or more selected circuit paths and the refined timing estimates of the one or more selected circuit paths.

17. The method as in claim 16, further comprising:
generating a correction factor for each of the plurality of circuit paths, wherein the statistical variation is equal to a standard deviation of the correction factors for the plurality of circuit paths divided by mean of the correction factors for the plurality of circuit paths; and
adjusting the coarse estimated timing responses of each of the plurality of circuit paths individually, if the statistical variation exceeds about twenty percent.

18. The method as in claim 12, wherein the coarse estimated timing responses include an estimated signal propagation delay.

19. The method as in claim 12, wherein the coarse estimated timing responses include an estimated signal propagation time.

20. The method as in claim 12, wherein the correction factor includes a scaling factor.

21. The method as in claim 12, wherein the correction factor includes an offset.

22. A method of making a computer readable medium product that encodes an integrated circuit design, the method comprising:
obtaining a first estimated timing response of a first circuit path using a first timing model;
obtaining a second estimated timing response of the first circuit path using a second timing model;
generating a correction factor based on a variation between the first estimated timing response and the second estimated timing response;

applying the correction factor to the first timing model to generate a corrected timing response;
generating a circuit design using the corrected timing response; and
encoding the circuit design onto the computer readable medium product.

23. The computer readable medium product as in claim 22, wherein the method further comprises obtaining estimated timing responses of a plurality of circuit paths using the first timing model.

24. The computer readable medium product as in claim 23, wherein applying the correction factor to the first timing model includes adjusting the first estimated timing response based on the correction factor.

25. The computer readable medium product as in claim 23 wherein the method further comprises:

selecting the first circuit path from the plurality of circuit paths, wherein
applying the correction factor to the first timing model includes
adjusting the estimated timing responses of the plurality of circuit paths based on the correction factor.

26. The computer readable medium product as in claim 23, wherein the integrated circuit design is developed using a method further comprising generating a netlist describing the plurality of circuit paths.

27. The computer readable medium product as in claim 26, wherein obtaining a second estimated timing response includes providing the netlist to a modeling tool employing the second timing model.

28. The computer readable medium product as in claim 22, wherein generating a correction factor includes comparing the first estimated timing response and the second estimated timing response.

29. The computer readable medium product as in claim 22, wherein the computer readable medium is selected from a group consisting of a random access

memory, a read only memory, a magnetic tape, a magnetically encodable disk, an optically encodable tape, an optically encodable disk, or a propagated signal.

30. A computer readable medium tangibly embodying a program of instructions, the program of instructions comprising:

- at least one instruction executable to obtain coarse estimated timing responses for a plurality of circuit paths using a first timing model, the first timing model having a first accuracy;
- at least one instruction executable to obtain a refined estimated timing response for a selected circuit path of the plurality of circuit paths using a second timing model having a second accuracy greater than the first accuracy;
- at least one instruction executable to generate a correction factor based on the course estimated timing response of the selected circuit path and the refined timing estimate of the selected circuit path; and
- at least one instruction executable to adjust the coarse estimated timing responses of the plurality of circuit paths based on the correction factor.

31. The computer readable medium as in claim 30, wherein the at least one instruction executable to obtain the coarse estimated timing responses includes at least one instruction executable to estimate timing responses for the plurality of circuit paths using a modeling tool employing coarse timing assumptions.

32. The computer readable medium as in claim 30, wherein the at least one instruction executable to obtain refined estimated timing responses includes at least one instruction to use a modeling tool employing refined timing assumptions.

33. The computer readable medium as in claim 30, further comprising at least one instruction executable to generate a netlist describing the plurality of circuit paths.

34. The computer readable medium as in claim 30, wherein the at least one instruction executable to generate a correction factor includes at least one instruction to determine a statistical variation between the course estimated timing response of

the one or more selected circuit paths and the refined timing estimates of the one or more selected circuit paths.

35. The computer readable medium as in claim 34, further comprising:
 at least one instruction to generate a correction factor for each of the plurality of circuit paths, wherein the statistical variation is equal to a standard deviation of the correction factors for the plurality of circuit paths divided by mean of the correction factors for the plurality of circuit paths; and
 at least one instruction to adjust the coarse estimated timing responses of each of the plurality of circuit paths individually, if the statistical variation exceeds about twenty percent.

36. The computer readable medium as in claim 30, wherein the computer readable medium is selected from a group consisting of a random access memory, a read only memory, a magnetic tape, a magnetically encodable disk, an optically encodable tape, an optically encodable disk, or a propagated signal.

37. A system comprising:
 first timing model means for obtaining a first estimated timing response of a first circuit path;
 second timing model means for obtaining a second estimated timing response of the first circuit path;
 correction factor generation means for generating a correction factor based on a variation between the first estimated timing response and the second estimated timing response; and
 application means for applying the correction factor to the first timing model.

38. The system as in claim 37 wherein the first timing model means is further for obtaining estimated timing responses of a plurality of circuit paths.

39. The system as in claim 38 further comprising:
 selection means for selecting the first circuit path from the plurality of circuit paths, wherein the application means adjusts the estimated timing

responses of the plurality of circuit paths based on the correction factor.

40. The system as in claim 38, further comprising a netlist means for generating a netlist describing the plurality of circuit paths.

41. The system as in claim 37, wherein the correction factor generation means compares the first estimated timing response and the second estimated timing response.

42. The system as in claim 37, wherein the application means adjusts the first estimated timing response based on the correction factor.